

## XX. Interest on Loans

Applicants may need to obtain a loan to complete work. Financing costs for a loan is only eligible when it meets the conditions established in 2 C.F.R. § 200.449.

## XXI. Ineligible Costs

The Stafford Act authorizes FEMA to provide PA funding for specific work performed as a result of the incident. It does not authorize FEMA to provide PA funding for all losses or costs resulting from the incident. The following costs are ineligible because the Stafford Act does not authorize FEMA to provide PA funding for these items.

### A. Loss of Revenue

FEMA cannot provide PA funding for revenue lost due to the incident. The following are examples of when loss of revenue may occur because of an incident:

- Hospitals release noncritical patients to make room for survivors;
- Hospitals sustain damage that reduces pre-existing capacity;
- Waiving toll fees on a toll road, even if for evacuation purposes;
- Waiving the normal fee for ferry service to encourage alternate transportation;
- Waiving tipping fees;
- A utility system is shut down; and
- Events are cancelled due to an entity using a venue for incident-related activities, such as sheltering.

### B. Loss of Useful Service Life

FEMA cannot provide PA funding for the projected loss of useful service life of a facility. For example, if a road has been inundated by flood waters for an extended timeframe, FEMA cannot provide PA funding for the value of the projected loss of useful life of the road due to the long-term effects the inundation might have on the road. Similarly, FEMA cannot fund the value of the loss of landfill capacity due to incident-related debris.

### C. Tax Assessments

SLTT governments may conduct tax assessments to re-assess real property values after an incident. Costs related to conducting these assessments are ineligible because the assessments are neither essential to addressing an immediate threat to life or improved property, nor connected with the permanent restoration of eligible facilities.

### D. Increased Operating Costs

Increased costs of operating a facility or providing a service are generally ineligible, even when directly related to the incident. However, short-term increased costs that are directly related to accomplishing specific emergency health and safety tasks as part of emergency protective measures may be eligible, as discussed in [Chapter 7:II.F. Expenses Related to Operating a Facility or Providing a Service](#).